

## Tourism Minister calls for concerted efforts to save Nambul River

IT News  
Imphal, Dec. 8:

Minister for Tourism, Oinam Lukhoh Singh called for concerted efforts from all sections of the society to save Nambul river and restore to its pristine form. This was stated by the Minister at the awareness campaign boat rally on the Nambul River held under the theme "Save Our Rivers, Save Our Soul."

Addressing the gathering as Chief Guest, Minister Lukhoh stated that Nambul is one of the most important rivers in Manipur which is much associated with the state's history. It starts from the Kangchup hill range and flows into Loktak Lake, considered as one of the most popular tourist attractions in Manipur. The water of the river is comparatively clean before it enters into Imphal area, particularly the Khairamband bazaar.

With the increase of population in and around Imphal city, more liquid and solid wastes such as domestic garbage and wastes from shops,

hotels and commercial establishments are generated and thrown into the river, Minister said. So, he appealed the people to dispose the garbage at the dumping zones approved by the Imphal Municipal cooperation so as to save the river from further deterioration. Once Nambul restore to its pristine form, it may be a location with a huge tourism potentials, asserted Tourism Minister.

Minister Lukhoh expressed that under the supervision of Chief Minister, Manipur, N. Biren Singh, the government is committed to promote tourism sectors in many parts of the state with a view to attract more tourists from different parts of the world. He also highlighted the various ongoing projects taken up by the Tourism Department, Manipur. Development of Loktak Eco-Tourism project is



one such project in the pipeline. Tourism Minister released a song entitled 'Koubru Masaikol' during the occasion and also flagged off the boat rally campaign. **The lyricist of the song is M Tondon.** The awareness campaign is organized by Apunba Manipur Matamlshei Kanglup (AMMIK) and sponsored by Tourism

Department, Government of Manipur. Chairman, Tourism Corporation of Manipur Limited (TCML), Md. Ashab Uddin, Director, Tourism, W. Ibohah Singh and President, AMMIK (H.Q.), SSGolsheh Tijendra Singh also graced the occasion as Guests of Honour and President respectively.

## Serum applies for emergency use approval of "Covishield"

IT Correspondent  
Mumbai, Dec. 8:

The Pune based Serum Institute of India (SII) has applied for emergency use authorisation for "Covishield" coronavirus vaccine and the institute is planning to manufacture 10 crore dosages by ensuing January. As promised, the Serum Institute has applied for emergency use authorisation for the first made-in-India COVID-19 vaccine - "Covishield", before the end of 2020. This will save countless lives, and I thank the Government of India and Sri@narendramodiji for their invaluable support," the SII CEO Adar Poonawalla said in a tweet. SII, the world's largest vaccine producer by volume, has sought emergency use authorisation in the country for AstraZeneca Plc's

COVID-19 vaccine. The company has applied to the Drugs Controller General of India (DCGI), citing unmet medical needs due to the pandemic and in the interest of the public at large. SII's move comes close on the heels of Pfizer Inc applying for a similar authorization of its coronavirus vaccine in India on Saturday. Prime Minister Narendra Modi visited the SII's facility in Pune on 28 November to review vaccine development. "Had a good interaction with the team at Serum Institute of India. They shared details about their progress so far on how they plan to further ramp up vaccine manufacturing. Also took a look at their manufacturing facility," PM Modi had tweeted. SII, has entered into a collaboration with the University of Oxford and AstraZeneca to manufacture the

vaccine. This will be a landmark week for global fight against COVID-19. From Tuesday, the UK is all set to administer Pfizer Inc.'s COVID-19 vaccine while the US regulator is in all likelihood could approve the Pfizer vaccine for emergency use as early as Thursday. SII which is engaged in manufacturing 5 to 6 crore dosages per month, has agreed to make available 30 to 40 crore dosages of "Covishield" to Central Government till July 2021. According to the Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR), the SII has already manufactured 40 million doses of the vaccine under the at-risk manufacturing and stockpiling license it obtained from the DCGI. The Oxford covid vaccine is logistically feasible for distribution in India since it could be stored at two to eight degrees Celsius.

## UNLF clarifies

IT News  
Imphal, Dec 12:

Proscribed group United Liberation Front (UNLF) Manipur today clarified that that Sapam Shantikumar @ Manaoton macha, 46 year son of S Mangi of Keibi Khumuda Manning Leikai of Imphal East, which the police claimed to have been arrested as a cadre of UNLF from Keibi Kumuda maning leikai on 6 December 2020 is not a party member and has nothing to do with the armed organisation. A statement by UNLF Department of Publicity M Sak hen said that Manaoton macha has already been discharged in the month of August 2017 from the UNLF and its GHQ of Manipur People's Army (MPA) and now he is no longer related with the UNLF and its army wing MPA.

## Chemist among 6 people arrested in MD drug racket

By Raju Vernekar  
Pune, Dec 8:

A post-graduate degree holder, who taught a group of criminals, the procedure of making mephedrone (MD) narcotic, was among the six men who were recently arrested by Pimpri-Chinchwad police. The man was identified as Arvindkumar Prakashchand Lohare (39) (M.Sc with Organic chemistry), a resident of Oshiwara in North West Mumbai and a native of Muzaffarnagar in Uttar Pradesh. He has worked in pharmaceutical companies in the past. He was referred to as the "doctor" in drug peddlers' circle.

"Lohare was the one who trained others how to make the drug. The teaching was done at three locations and 132kg MD was produced at a company in Ranjangaon MIDC in Pune. He took Rs 35 lakh for teaching the procedure. Lohare has a previous case under NDPS registered against him in 2018 in Nashik. He was found with 12kg of produced MD in Igatpuri area of Nashik" Pimpri-Chinchwad police commissioner Krishna Prakash said. The five others arrested were

identified as Manoj Eknath Palande (40), a resident of Ganeshnagar Varse in Raigad district, Afzal Hussain Abbas Sunarsa (52), a resident of Jogeshwari West in Mumbai (originally from Banaskatha, North Gujarat), Parsuram Bhalchandra Jugal (44), a resident of Wagle Estate in Thane and a native of Devgad in Sindhudurg, Mandar Baliram Bhosale (49), also a resident of Wagle Estate and Ram Manohar Gurbani (43), a resident of Mulund West in Mumbai. Of the six arrested, Jugal was arrested on 24 November from Thane, while Bhosale and Gurbani were arrested on 25 November. The case under Sections 8(c), 21(c), 22(c) and 29 of Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 has been registered against the accused. Initially small quantities were produced during the two-day teaching session at three locations - Bhosale's "Alkemi Industry" and Palande's "Nimbus Pharma" at Mahad MIDC, Raigad and a farmhouse owned by advocate M. Joshi. During the earlier raids, two kingpins-Tushar Kale and Rakesh alias Rocky Khaniwadekar were arrested from these places.

### How 132kg of MD was produced

A team of workers led by Kale and Rocky produced 132kg of MD at Ranjangaon MIDC, within 15 days before the lockdown and distributed it among people who sold it further. The workers had no idea what was being made in the factory. Generally, 400 grams of pure substance can be extracted from 1kg of raw material. But Kale roped in one Hrushikesh Mishra (25) "a gold medalist in chemistry from a university in Maharashtra", who helped them extract 800 gm per kg of raw material. Mishra was already been arrested earlier. While Rocky and Kale produced the drug in batches, the three others provided space, raw material, distribution channels and logistical support. The accused were also planning to set up a factory to manufacture MD in Gujarat.

### Case so far

Along with these six, the total number of arrests in the case have now reached 20. Among the 20 arrests, two men were found with cash that was collectively found to be worth Rs 85 lakh. The case first landed on the Pimpri-Chinchwad police radar when a

truck carrying 20kg MD was seized in Chakan by senior PI Sriram Pol's team on 07 October 2020. This was the excess product that was kept under wraps by one of the players. They had first procured material to make 112kg of drugs. But their productivity increased and they produced extra 20kg. Tushar Kale, suspected aide of underworld don Rajendra Nikalje aka Chhota Rajan, has at least five cases against him. Of the five cases, one case is of murder, another of extortion, one for preparation of dacoity, one of possession of arms, including 700 rounds of ammunition, and theft. Mandar Bhosale has a history of four previous cases and was booked under Maharashtra Control of Organised Crime Act (McoCA) by Thane police earlier. Those who participated in the operation included: Anti Narcotics chief Senior Police Inspector Sriram Pol, Sr PI Balkrishna Sawant, API (Crime branch) Ram Gomare, Prashant Mahale, Sagor Panmand, Ambrish Deshmukh, PSI Girish Chamle, Police Constables- Dattatray Bansude, Mayur Wadkar, Swaminath Jadhav and others.

## ★ Editorial

### Urgent call for meaningful intervention to appoint VC (in-charge) in MU; Can't the High Court intervene?

Manipur University is in the news again for all the bad reasons. The granting of relieve to court appointed administrator by the High Court of Manipur allowing him to leave Manipur University by 30-11-20 after completing all formalities is already made known by 26<sup>th</sup> November 2020. But the reason for the delay in sending the proposal of appointing the new (in-charge) Vice-Chancellor by the Manipur University still remains a mystery. The same order also mentioned the prayer by the Union of India for allowing the authorities of the University under the Manipur University Act, 2005 to assign the duties of the office of the Vice-Chancellor of the Manipur University to Pro Vice-Chancellor/Senior most Professor of the Manipur University in accordance with Statute 2(6) of the Statutes of the Manipur University. But the Manipur University administration intimated the Ministry of Education, GOI very late as it send the proposal for assigning the charge of Vice Chancellor of Manipur University only on 4-12-2020. At the same time there is no likelihood of appointing a new Vice Chancellor, as the case filed by Former Vice Chancellor AP Pandey is pending still pending at the Delhi High Court. In compliance with the court order and as prayed by the Government of India for allowing the authorities of the University under the Manipur University Act, 2005 to assign the duties of the office of the Vice Chancellor of Manipur University to Pro VC/ senior most Professor of Manipur University in accordance with Statute 2(6) of the Statutes of the Manipur University, Prof. Amar Yumnam took charge on Nov 2 in compliance with the Court order as well as per the Statutes of the Manipur University, as leaving the office vacant with no one to take charge would amount to shirking the responsibilities which could be held liable to the one who had been entitled by the Statute of the Manipur University being the senior most professor. And university at the moment doesn't have a duly appointed Pro Vice Chancellor. The Union Ministry of Education also is still not communicating with the MU, some sections of the MU communities are trying to create trouble once again. The MUSU too seems to be ignorant of the Court order of November 26 and failed to understand the legitimacy of Prof. Amar Yumnam taking charge of the office of the VC in-Charge of the Manipur University. At this juncture, the State Government approaching the Ministry of Education for immediately communicating the MU either to give approval to Prof. Amar Yumnam as the VC incharge or fasttrack the appointment of a regular VC would be a very timely intervention. Mention may be made that Prof. Amar Yumnam being the senior most Professor of the Manipur University is likely to retire in February or March due to superannuation, that is just 3 or 4 months from today. The prompt interim arrangement to keep the office of the Vice Chancellor occupied and not lying vacant by six student bodies namely - the Democratic Students Alliance of Manipur (DESAM), All Manipur Students Union (AMSU), Manipur Students Federation (MSF), Kangleipak Students Association (KSA), Students Union of Kangleipak (SUK) and Apunba Ireipakki MaheiroiSinpanglup (AIMS) is very justified and reasonable. The non-existence of VC at this crucial hour just before the onset of new academic session and the need for issuing migration certificate to those who are potentially and would be seeking admission to institutions in other states and abroad is very much undesirable and uncalled for. Taking all these in consideration, the union Ministry of Education and all concerned should stop jeopardising the prospects of Manipur University, its students and all other stake holders by keeping the appointment of Manipur University (in-charge) Vice-Chancellor in abeyance. Timely appointment before the matter goes out of hands beyond control is the need of the hour. The Hon'ble High Court of Manipur at various instances and also particularly in relation to this issue have as conscience keeper of the state proved its mettle by timely intervening thereby saving the university from further sinking to the debris. It is seen that timely intervention of the Court even at the peak of crisis in Manipur University a few years ago could bring normalcy in the university within short period of time. Now also at this crucial hour of need, it is looked upon to the Hon'ble High Court of Manipur that it may initiate to take up of this case Suo Motto and pursued to a logical end by appointing or a (in-charge) Vice-Chancellor from among the senior most empanelled professors in accordance with relevant Act and Statutes of the Manipur University during the interim period before the appointing of regular Vice-Chancellor which is now at the discretion of Government of India. Such timely and meaningful intervention of the Hon'ble Court would enable the University to function effectively for the overall welfare of the university community and Manipuri society at large. ■

## ALTOGETHER, WE FORM A FAMILY (SOCIETY)

Have you ever wonder how a tiny baby grows up into an adult? Just how tender a new born baby is!!! It is a wonderfully beautiful transformation. Life is all about the transformation from one stage to another. Apparently we can classified human life into three stages i.e. Childhood, youthhood and adulthood. All these three stages are interconnected and dependent on each other.

Life begins in a family and ends in a family. It is the first institution where a child is taken care of. Parents are our teacher. They play a crucial role in a child's career guidance. They are obligated to shape and mend a child's heart with kindness and shows them responsibility as a social man. They can help a society in bringing up good children.

Children of their age are very sensitive in nature. They learn quickly and they are very ambitious. They love doing new things and grasp them easily. Children are fond of enquiring so parents should be responsive to them in a good way. Can you hunch by now why good parents are needed for children? Children are the sapling and they need to be watered timely and properly for them to blooms beautifully. We quote that children are the nation pillar and they are our future. We build our hope in them and we give our efforts to them so that they can be productive in future.

Youth are the blooming flowers from a little bud. They have grown up to be a nation builder. It is the stage when we are energetic and it is also a high time to pursue our dreams. We are laden with responsibility and the hopes of our parents. A good youth not only acquired good lessons but put them into use. A far-sighted youth builds a cobweb for a shelter in future. A strong youth defines the power of a family, society and nation. They should divorced themselves from all kinds of evil habits. They are independent as they can take care of themselves now. So they should not act recklessly. When the right time comes they eventually get ready to enter into the next stage. A good youth can form a beautiful family like that of a garden fill with beautiful fragrance. Only a beautiful flower can bear a good seed which would give good saplings.

Family is a social institutions performing under a larger scope of institution i.e. society. That is, family is part of society. A good family is a characteristic of good society. Parents are the key character and the main producer. There is a high probability for a good parents to breed good children. To prevent a toxic citizen in a society, one shouldn't unnecessarily form a family if he/she is not fully prepared. All the stages are interchangeably use. One shouldn't just wait for the best stage to come. The need of an hour is to build a strong foundation in our present stage no matter in which stage we are in. Each citizen should be aware of this and should live the reality of life. One life matters alot which can influence a family and a society like a single rose can fill the whole room with its smell. You are part of a family and a larger scope of family i.e. Society. Your life matters alot to the society because you live the only one life which you can also fill the hollowness of society.

Writer - Themneivah Sithou

## Degrading quality of Relationship in our Society



By - Bu Yamayum Liyaquat Ali

Theme of every festival goes down to good relationship. Maintaining a good relationship only on the day of festival degrades the value of festivals. Each and every moment of our life should be treated like festival in terms of relationship. Cordial relationship is essential to be happy, prosperous and successful in every field. A company can't be successful without a coordinated and cordial relation between manager, worker and customers. Utmost important among the advantage of good relationship is that a person can't be happy and content without maintaining cordial relation with everyone around him. India ranks 144th in the world happiness report which is much below our smaller and economical weaker neighboring countries like Nepal, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Pakistan etc. Human beings can't exist alone in this world and everything in this world is interrelated. We are embedded in an complex network of various relationships, many of which are vital to our well-being.

### Friendly Relation:

A true friend is one of the most precious possessions that one can have in his life and a person you can always count on when you face challenges and serious problems. Increasing competition

in every field, ego and self centric activities brings down the quality of friendship. Developing a friendship by looking its advantage is the destructing point of that friendship. Friendship which develops from similarity and familiarization due to bad habits like drinking and gambling will never last longer and they are always doubtful to each other to be a faithful friend. Friends who have parasitic nature should be avoided because they will never understand your distress. Never take a decision insisted by unknown online friends. There are many frauds and criminals operating online to achieve their target.

### Romantic Relation:

Some parents and aged people irritates to hear the term "romance". The basic instinct of human beings can't be subdued forever but it is necessary to guide the younger generation when and how to start a romantic relation. Real life romance and discussion of romantic relation is something to be encourage in the family. There is a big difference between romance and sex. Current scenario of romantic relation is totally different from the time of Shakespeare. If you are not capable enough to know the intention of the opposite gender, don't step into a romantic relation since sex becomes an inseparable part of today's romantic relation. If a person starts giving more importance to lust, then the romantic relation should end at that point. Practice of having more than one boyfriend or girlfriend to choose the best will be repulsive, instead try yourself to become the best.

### Family Relation:

A person need a happy family to be confident in life. Children brought up in a healthy family will be able to form better bonds outside their home. Relationship among the family member is the

mirror of our society in terms of quality relationship. Respect only in the form of language is useless without proper intention. Words from elders should be treated like the command of God. On the other hand parents and elders should consider the opinion and suggestion of family members while taking a decision. Bonding among the family members reduced after the marriage of a male member. Disgruntle between female members for household chores will end if parents treat their daughter-in-laws like daughter. Parents want their son-in-law to be dominant by their daughter but they don't want the same condition with their own son.

The desire of independent couple life without their parents will be an embarrassing mistake. Couple life needs some privacy but you can't distance yourself completely from your parents because maximum aged parents depend socially and economically to their siblings. Younger generation should plan to be economically independent from their children when they become old. Increasing number of old age homes is a sign of degrading quality of family relationship. Parents brought you up by holding your hand in every aspect of your life and they also invest whatever they have for your welfare. The worst and inhumane practice of keeping their old parents to old age home should be discouraged. Property dispute among the family members arise after the parents expire. Parents need to give property will to their children as early as possible to avoid future contention. Disappointment and conflicts of married couples started after the end of their honeymoon stage. Crimes related to extra marital affairs and eloping of married women is an alarm to our society. Need to rethink the traditional

approach of relationship as options for emotional and physical satisfaction are easily available through social media platforms, workplace, online dating sites etc. Latest survey by Gleeeden ( dating app.) indicates that around 55% of married Indians cheated to their partner at least once. Importance of sexual satisfaction can't be ignored in couple relationship. Couples need to come out from the traditional hide and seek relation and they also require to openly discuss their personal needs and wants. Couples should remind the words of Seth Adam Smith that "We simply can't abandon ship every time we encounter a storm in our marriage and real love is about weathering the storms of life together."

### Social Relation:

Our social relationships are limited, most of the time, to gossip and criticizing people's behavior. Instead of discussing people's character in hotels and roadsides, we need to discuss the ideas related to development of our society. Daniel Defoe had rightly pointed out that "Everybody's business is Nobody's business" and we need to come out from this mindset. Instead of encouraging people taking initiative for the welfare of our society, we are pulling them down to satisfy our ego and self interest. The phenomenon of going in the direction of a village or local leader is changing. Need to convince everyone while taking a social decision. A society which makes provision for participation of all its members on equal terms and secures flexible readjustment will prosper. Our society must have a type of education which gives individuals a personal interest in social work and relationship.

\*\*\*\* The writer is an Ex-Navy & RTI activist. He resides at MayangImphal, Manipur

## STORY OF SHILLONG ACCORD –II: Hopes and Reservations

The feeling that the Naga underground movement is going to the walls seems to be widely shared among the older generation of the Nagas. When I met Mr. Vizol, the Ex-Chief Minister of Nagaland, he admitted frankly that the Naga underground movement was going downhill. At the risk of being labelled unpatriotic, he considered the Shillong Agreement as very opportune.

### From the horse's mouth

The same opinion was expressed to me more articulately by Mr. Z. Ramyo, one of the negotiators of the Shillong Accord. According to him, the Naga underground movement during the last few years had been kept alive in only five areas, viz. Angami, Chakeshang, Mao, Tangkhul and Tamenglong. He was even prepared to admit that the Naga underground movement could have been physically crushed. In the same breath, however, he also added that physically crushing the Nagas would not solve the Naga problem for India also. Because a new generation would rise to take up the struggle. Being an essentially political problem, he felt that the military aspect could be delinked and the political issues discussed across the table to bring about an honourable settlement.

So, he along with a few like-minded persons, had taken it upon themselves to start negotiations with the Government of India without consulting the Federal authorities. He, however, added that, with the curfew and army operations all over Nagaland, it proved practically impossible to establish contact with the Naga Federal Government authorities.

Mr. Ramyo is also aware of the fact that the Shillong Accord has not met with popular approval. To quote his own words, for instance, "the Tangkhuls have chosen to reject the Shillong Accord for reasons best known to themselves". Further, in the Emergency meeting of the Federal authorities at Dihoma some-time after the Shillong Accord was signed, Mr. Ramyo along with the other negotiators of the Shillong Accord was censured heavily for having taken such an important issue into their own hands. Apparently the negotiators seem to have weathered the storm admirably and differences now seem to be patched up.

### Onus on the Govt. of India

When asked specifically what he thought of the chances of a final agreement satisfying the basic aspirations of the Nagas emerging out of the foundations laid by the Shillong Accord, Mr.

Ramyo expressed his conviction that there is a fair chance provided the Government of India is sincere. From their side they had played ball with the Government of India. Recently, the Government of India had been approached with the proposal for sending a three member delegation to London to invite Mr. Phizo, the chairman of the Naga National Council, to conduct further negotiations as envisaged under clause 3 of the Shillong Accord. This Mr. Ramyo feels, will be an acid test of India's sincerity.

### Contradiction

When asked what he thought of the merger of the Naga Nationalist Organisation with the Congress, he strongly expressed that it constituted a betrayal of the Shillong Accord. He felt that contrary to its publicly expressed desire that there should not be "any trail of bitterness left", the Government of India is introducing a new source of bitterness by setting up one Naga against another. Apparently, Mr. Ramyo seems to feel that one case of bad faith should not be permitted to wreck the edifice of the Shillong Accord.

### On Integration

Though Mr. Ramyo was non-committal about the issues likely to be framed as envisaged under clause 3 of the Shillong Accord, Mr. Ramyo forcefully claimed that it was the birthright of every Naga to be united under one roof. However, when asked whether his

idea of a unified Nagaland embraced the Nagas across the Indo-Burmese border, he indicated that this question did not come within the ambit of the Shillong Accord as it had inter-national ramifications.

Even in such an emotionally identified issue as integration, there seem to be a divergence of expectations regarding its scope. General Mowu, whom I had met earlier, expressed that any final settlement would have to take into consideration the question of Naga inhabited areas outside Nagaland, including more than 20,000 square miles in Burma. He expressed his conviction that any settlement for only the Nagas of the 6000 square miles of present Nagaland cannot be a lasting agreement.

### A Soldier only?

General Mowu was very guarded in expressing his opinion about the Shillong Accord. When he was asked how he interpreted clause 1 of the Shillong Accord, he would not venture any further beyond saying that as he was basically a soldier, he would not comment on political matters. Being a soldier, however, did not prevent him from being forth-right on some of the important issues. For example, when asked if a restatement of the objectives of the Naga. The National Council was not called for in the light of the Shillong Accord, he replied in the negative, Citing his reasons, he said that the Shillong Accord

was signed by some individuals taking the entire responsibility on their own shoulders. [This fact is corroborated by Mr. Ramyo's own admission to this effect.] As such the question of restating the objectives of N.N.C. anew does not arise. For he feels that the stand of the Federal Government of Nagaland or N.N.C. for that matter, will be clarified only when the stage of framing issues under clause 3 of the Shillong Accord is re-ached.

### Rationalisation

General Mowu expressed that the struggle the Nagas had waged for over 20 years had been forced on them. When circumstances so conspired to threaten their independence, they had to fight for their honour and rights. But all along the Nagas had been under no illusion that they could defeat India militarily. Against this back-ground, he expressed his hope that the Shil-long Accord could bring about a final settlement satisfying the basic aspirations of the Nagas provided the Government of India approach the problem sincerely. However, he was also conscious that there are even to-day Nagas outside the border, whose opinion, he felt, would have to be heard in bringing about any lasting settlement.

Mr. Imkongmeren, Vice-President of the Naga Federal Government, seems to be still feeling his way. He is meeting neither the press nor members

of the younger generation of the Nagas who are looking up to him and others who were released recently under the Shillong Accord for guidance. Significantly, the feeling that the Shillong Accord is a terrific let-down seems to be gaining ground among the younger generation. They seem to be impatiently flailing their arms against everything that the Shillong Accord symbolizes. Some of them have strongly charged the Church of having put religion above the nation. The negotiators of the Shillong Accord who until yesterday had commanded their respect, seem to have lost caste in their confusion they are looking up to the Generals and political leaders released recently for guidance.

Though Mr. Imkongmeren's refusal to see them is not helping matters any for the young Nagas, the words of General Mowu delivered during the public reception to the released prisoners at Kohima, "I am ashamed that I could not finish what you had entrusted me with" are still ringing in the ears of the young generation of Nagas. But it is very doubtful that the Messiah that the younger generation of Nagas are waiting for would come from these quarters.

\*\*\*\* This write up was written by THOUNAOJAM TARUNKUMAR, EDITOR : RESISTANCE, It was published on June 29, 1976.

Letters, Feedback and Suggestions to 'Imphal Times' can be sent to our e-mail : [imphaltimes@gmail.com](mailto:imphaltimes@gmail.com). For advertisement kindly contact : - 0385-3590330 (O). For time being readers can reach the office at Cell Phone No. 9862860745 for any purpose.