



Announcement of Re-poll has proven that Election was not conducted free and fair

– Dr. M Nara



IT News
Imphal, April 22,

Claiming that the recent 17th Lok Sabha election was not conducted free and fair, Inner Parliamentary candidate Dr M.Nara said that it was proven by the re-polls announced by the ECI which is to be conducted on April 24. Speaking in a press meet, jointly organised with independent candidate RK. Somorendra @ Kaiku and PRJA convener L. Erendro at Manipur Press Club, Dr M. Nara said that almost all the re-polls to be taken place are in the constituencies of the ruling parties. He added that the ruling government should be held responsible and should also be shameful for such misdeeds.

He also appealed to let the people vote without fear in choosing their candidate. Dr Nara also said that free and fair election should be the main objective of the people as well as the candidates. He said that he was a victim of injustice till today.

He also appealed the people not to be misled by some powerful groups and take a dig to the leader of the civil society group who had played important role in various important issues saying that none were not found during the time of election. Dr. Nara said that the announcement of re-poll in 12 polling station out of the 28 polling station complaints is a moral victory of him. He appealed the youth to participate in the electoral politics and added that they

should choose a party and engulfed to its ideology and its principles to do justice for the people. He concluded that the present electoral system is the root cause of all the corruption in the election and added that electoral reforms is the need of the hour and the need of

the nation. Feeling discontent regarding the rigged election and not being free and fair Independent candidate RK Somorendro (Kaiku) said that his inner agents were frightened and not able to sit in the polling rooms as they were being threatened.

He also said that the rights of the people were violated even though the candidates assured to participate the election on the basis of free and fair election. PRJA's convener L Erendro strongly condemned the rigging of election and the use of unfair means by capturing booths and proxy voting. He said that the two national parties by all their means used money and muscle power. He further concluded by saying that the people can take money offered if they are being threatened but should vote the candidates that they wanted. He appealed the people to make good use of the secret ballot.

Inner Manipur Parliamentary election: Re-poll announced in 12 Polling stations; fresh polling on April 24

IT News,
Imphal, April 22,

Election Commission of India (ECI) has announced fresh poll in the 12 polling station of the Inner Manipur Parliamentary Constituency. Polling of the Inner Manipur Parliamentary Constituency was held on April 18. Congress Party and CPI had lodged complaint to the returning officer of mass rigging and booth capturing at as many as 30 polling stations. As per the ECI notification, fresh polling will be held at 2/23 – Heingang Mayai Leikai (A), 2/26 – Heingang Makha Leikai, 2/31 – Kairang Muslim Mayai Leikai, 2/32 – Kairang Muslim Mamm Leikai and 2/33 – Kairang Khunou Chingya

Leikai of 2-Heingang Assembly Constituency; 5/32- Khongman Zone –V(B) of Thongju Assembly Constituency; 6/6 – Kiyamei Mamang Leikai, 6/10 – Kiyamei Muslim (South) (A) and 6/35 – Thiyam Konjil (B) of Keiroa Assembly Constituency and 7/32 – Yanbem (C) and 7/39 Nungbrang of Andro Assembly Constituency. A press statement by the CEO Manipur said that live webcasting will be done in the 12 polling stations during the re-poll. Interestingly, all the polling stations which the ECI announced for fresh poll are in Imphal east. Of the 12 Polling Station 5 are in Heingang assembly

constituency where the Chief Minister N. Biren Singh represent as MLA. Congress candidate O. Nabakishore had earlier stated that he was not allowed to stay inside the 6/6 – Kiyamei Mamang Leikai polling station and alleged that besides not allowing his election to seat in the polling station he was nearly assaulted by the BJP workers. At polling station No. 6/6 – Kiyamei Mamang Leikai, the EVM machine was destroyed by a group of people and 2 polling officials were injured in the attacked. Security personnel present on the scene fire several round of gun shots on the air to control the situation.

Bomb Found near LF School



IT News
Imphal, April 22,

Unknown miscreants once more placed bomb near the gate of the Little Flower School located at Tiddim Road here in Imphal. This is the second time that miscreants placed hand grenade at the school. On April 2, this year miscreants placed a hand

grenade wrapped in plastic near the main entrance gate of the school. This time the miscreants placed two hand grenades near Little Flower School entrance gate. The bombs were first notice by morning walkers. Police and Assam Rifles team rushed the spot and safely diffused the two bombs at around 7.30 am.

Manipur and Mizoram among states to get DNA testing facilities

Agency
New Delhi April 22,

DNA testing facilities are being set up for forensic science laboratories of 13 States and Union Territories including the North Eastern States of Mizoram and Manipur at a cost of Rs 131.09 crore, officials said on April 20. Cyber forensic laboratories and cyber forensic training facilities are being set up in these States as part of the Rs 223.19 crore Cyber Crime

Prevention Against Women and Children project, a Home Ministry official said. Five States – Arunachal Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Telangana and Uttarakhhand – have already set up cyber forensic training laboratories. A total of 3,664 personnel, including 410 public prosecutors and judicial officers, have been trained for the purpose. The project is being implemented under the Nirbhaya Fund, set up by the

Central Government for projects specifically designed to improve the safety and security of women. An empowered committee of officers, headed by the Secretary, Ministry of Women and Child Development, appraises and recommends projects to be funded under the Nirbhaya Fund, the official said. The empowered committee also reviews and monitors the progress of the schemes/projects. Once it is

recommended by the committee, the Ministry/Department concerned has to take approval of the competent authority. According to the National Crime Records Bureau, 12,187 cyber crime cases were registered across India in 2016 in comparison to 11,331 cases in 2015. There was a 20.5 per cent increase in the number of cyber crime cases in 2015 over 2014 and 6.3 per cent increase in such cases in 2016 over 2015.

Section 144 of CrPC clamped Tripura East

Agency
Agartala April 22,
On Sunday, Section 144 of the CrPC was clamped by the Election Commission of India (ECI) prohibiting the assembly of five or more people -in six of the eight districts of the state to prevent any disturbance during elections in Tripura East constituency on Tuesday.

CADA Organises Awareness camp against drugs and Alcohol

IT News
Imphal, April 22,

Coalition Against Drugs and Alcohol (CADA) organised awareness program against Drugs and Alcohol at Thoubal District. Papal Maning Leikai

Keithel Macha on Saturday afternoon. Resource person Geetchandra Mangang expressed that the people of our state still have wrong perception about enjoying a peg of 2 or 3 glasses of alcohol after a hard day work

leads to the misused of intoxicants. He added that due to this false perception many still used alcohol creating problem in the state. He continued that, illicit drugs and alcohol did not give any health improvement on our body.

Manipur(Kangleipak) and India's Freedom Struggle: two lines with not coinciding point –(1)

IT News
Imphal, April 22,

Conglomerate of rebel group CorCom pay tribute to the martyrs who had laid down their lives fighting the British at different Warfield for the safeguarding the sovereignty of the erstwhile Kingdom with the coming of the Khongjom Day (April 23, 1891). A statement by Leibakngakpa Luwang, Media Co-ordinator, CorCom said that the courage of the ancestor during the 1891 Anglo Manipuri war is once more reminded with the coming of the Khonjom Day. It said that the courage of the martyrs of the region who had fought the British empire to protect the sovereignty of the nation is a pride of the region and the brave heart of those

days is once bring to our mind with the coming of the Khongjom Day. The statement further said that the British got the full opportunity to directly interfere the internal affairs of the Manipur (Kangleipak) after an uproar occurred in the palace over the throne of Manipur in September 1891. That time the British India Empire had already occupied at almost all region after a change in the geo political scenario of the Kingdom since 1885. The interference of the British to the internal affairs of the Kingdom is the result for the killing of the British officers including Chief Commissioner of Assam J. W. Quinton and British Political Agent C. Grimwood in March 25, 1891. Following that

Anglo- Manipuri (Kangleipak) war occurred in 1891 and the Manipuri (Kangleicha) were defeated and became a colony of British. What is needed to be discussed is the political status of Manipur (Kangleipak) before 1891. The Indo- Manipur war may not lasted long but was the talk across the globe and has been discussed in both the houses of British Parliament. The root of the Anglo Manipuri (Kangleicha) war is the interference of the then British India to the internal matter f Kangleipak. The sovereign status of the Kangleipak is well define by the then international relationship with the British and the British India . In 1762 Manipur established

Treaty of Alliance with the British on Army and trade. Manipur has been recognized as a sovereign independent nation by British India and Burma after they signed the treaty of Yandaboo. Both the British and Burma assured not to disturb the territorial integrity and political independence of the Manipur Nation as according to the treaty of Yandaboo. Pemberton report of 1835 submitted to the British authority in 1835 introduced Manipur (Kangleipak) as a Sovereign state in Asia situated between Assam and Burma. Manipur (Kangleipak) had also been recognized as a Asiatic Sovereign Power in Keifa Singh case of 1762 and Sajwopa case of Calcutta High

Court. R. brown in his speech on the Statistical Account of Manipur of 1873 also stated that Manipur (Kangleipak) is a sovereign Independent Nation in 1873. Before the Anglo Manipur (Kangleipak) War, Memorandum of Argument submitted on behalf od Kullachandra Singh . Regent (King) of Manipur (Kangleipak) and Tikendrajit Senapati (Commander -in-chief) submitted to British India in July 27, 1891 . Manipur(Kangleipak) had been introduced as a sovereign Independent nation. When British Parliament passed the India Independence Act in August 1947, Section 7 (1) (b) said that India and Manipur should be recognized in equal juridical plane. Thus British created a

new nation called India and sovereignty of the Manipur (kangleipak) nation had been restored. In August 14, 1947 Manipur became independent. The erstwhile Nation of Manipur has in any way related with the newly formed India those days. However the signing of Stand Still agreement in August 11, 1947 which was followed by the Instrument of Accession and the controversial signing of the Merger Agreement in September 21, 1949 are confusing the people by establishing make up stories of Manipur's relation with the newly form country call India. However, those signed agreement were in no way valid as per the International law.

Guv' ,CM pay homage to the Heroes of Khongjom Battle

IT News
Imphal, April 22,

Manipur Governor Dr. Najma Haptulla and Chief Minister of Manipur N. Biren Singh pay homage to the war heroes of Khongjom War.

In separate message the Governor and the Chief Minister said that Khongjom Day is celebrated on 23rd April every year to remember the war heroes of the Anglo – Manipur war of 1891 at Khongjom. Both the leaders pay homage to Paona Brajabashi and other brave heroes of Manipur who fought and laid down their lives fighting the British army to safeguard the freedom of the land